

A NEW SPECIES OF SORDARIA

DURING August 1962, a species of *Sordaria* was found associated with the fruits of *Prunus persica* Stokes. Detailed morphological studies indicated it to be different from all the known species of *Sordaria*. In the shape of the perithecia and asci the present isolate showed some resemblance to *S. bosensis* Das,¹ but differed on account of its rounded or oval ascospores, provided with fine gelatinous sheath. The present isolate is, therefore, described as *Sordaria indica* sp. n.

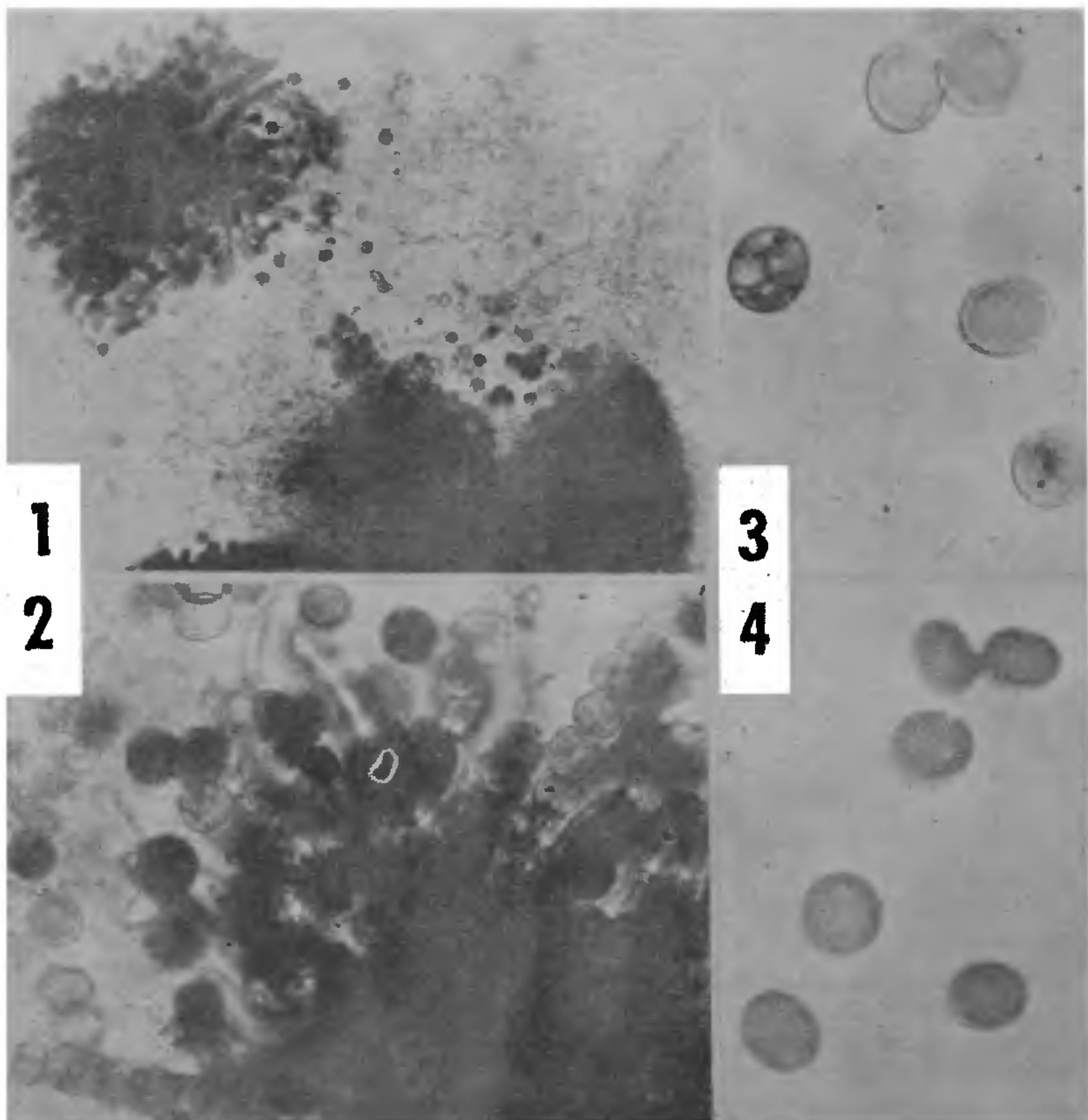
Sordaria indica SPEC. NOV.

Coloniae in agaro maltoso 2% primo roseæ, tum luteolorubræ, patentes, mycelio aereo sparsø. Hypœ tenues, ramosæ, septatæ, 2·5–3·5 μ crassæ. Perithecia dispersa, distincta vel

gregaria, superficia, sphærica vel ovoidea, 155–315 μ diam., luteola, vestita pilis minutis septatis flexuosis. Peridium tenuet et membranaceum. Asci octospori, cylindrici, recti vel vix curvi, 65–85 \times 10–13 μ . Paraphyses nullæ. Ascosporæ 9·0–14·5 μ (med. 11·7 μ), uniseriatæ, uniguttulatæ, unicellulares, rotundæ vel ovales, singulæ ornatae vagina tenui mucosa et unico germinationis poro, hyalinæ primo, ad maturitatem evadentes olivaceo-nigræ et nontranslucidæ.

In fructibus *Pruni persicæ* Stokes, in fructuum emporio ad Chowk, in Alladabad, mense augusto 1962. Cultura typica posita in Instituto Mycologico ad Hortum Kewensem, in Anglia sub numero IMI 100483.

Sordaria indica sp. nov.—Colonies on 2% malt agar at first pink, then yellowish-red, spreading



Figs. 1–4. *Sordaria indica*. Fig. 1. Perithecia, asci and ascospores, $\times 200$. Fig. 2. Asci, $\times 600$. Fig. 3. Semimature ascospores showing gelatinous sheath, $\times 800$. Fig. 4. Mature ascospores, $\times 700$.

with sparse aerial mycelium. Hyphæ thin, branched, septate, $2\cdot5-3\cdot5\ \mu$ in thickness. Perithecia scattered, separate or gregarious, superficial, spherical or ovoid, $155-315\ \mu$ in diameter, yellowish-brown in colour, covered with small septate flexuous hairs. Peridium thin and membranous. Ascii 8-spored, cylindrical, straight or very slightly curved, $65-85 \times 10-13\ \mu$. Paraphyses absent. Ascospores $9\cdot0-14\cdot5\ \mu$ (mean $11\cdot7\ \mu$), uniseriate, uniguttulate, one-celled, rounded or oval, each having a fine gelatinous sheath and a single very minute germ pore, hyaline when young, changing to olivaceous black and opaque at maturity (Figs. 1-4).

On fruits of *Prunus persica* Stokes, Fruit Market, Chowk, Allahabad, August, 1962. Type culture has been deposited at the Commonwealth Mycological Institute, Kew, England, Herb. No. IMI 100483.

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1. Das, A. C., *Trans. Brit. mycol. Soc.*, 1962, **45** (4),
545.